

# CPS129

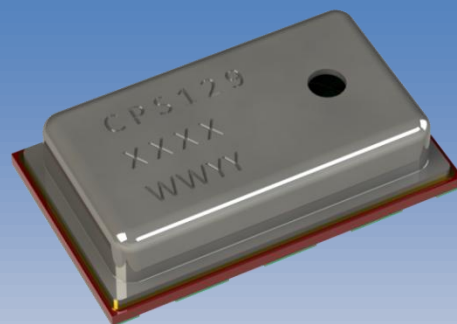


Consensic

## Data Sheet

Digital Barometer

Rev1.0  
Dec 2020  
DAT-0031



## Overview

The CPS129 system-in-a-package (SIP) solution comprises of a resistive bridge type pressure sensor and a 24-bit ADC for high resolution and accurate pressure measurements. The fully calibrated pressure and temperature compensated digital output makes the CPS129 solution simple to use. The CPS129 includes internal calibration logic that provides accurate pressure and temperature measurements to the application via the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. There is no need to separately download internal calibration coefficients and have the host microcontroller perform complicated compensation calculations.

## Applications

- waterproof design
- Medical application
- Smartphones
- Wearables
- Altimeters
- Portable and Stationary Barometers
- Weather Stations
- GPS Applications
- Hard Disk Drives(HDD)
- Industrial Equipment
- Air Control Systems
- Vacuum Systems

## Benefits

- Low Power Consumption
- Excellent for Battery Applications
- External Clock not Required
- High Resistance to Sensing Media

## Features

- Factory Calibrated Pressure and Temperature Sensor
- Supply Voltage: 2V to 5.5V(3V @typical)
- Average Current Consumption: <5uA (One Measurement)
- Sleep State Current Consumption: <200nA (25°C)
- Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
- Pressure Absolute Accuracy: ±0.1kPa (±1.0mbar) @ 0°C to 50°C, 95kPa to 105kPa
- Pressure Relative Accuracy: ±0.01kPa(<1m)
- Temperature Accuracy: ±1.0°C

## Interfaces

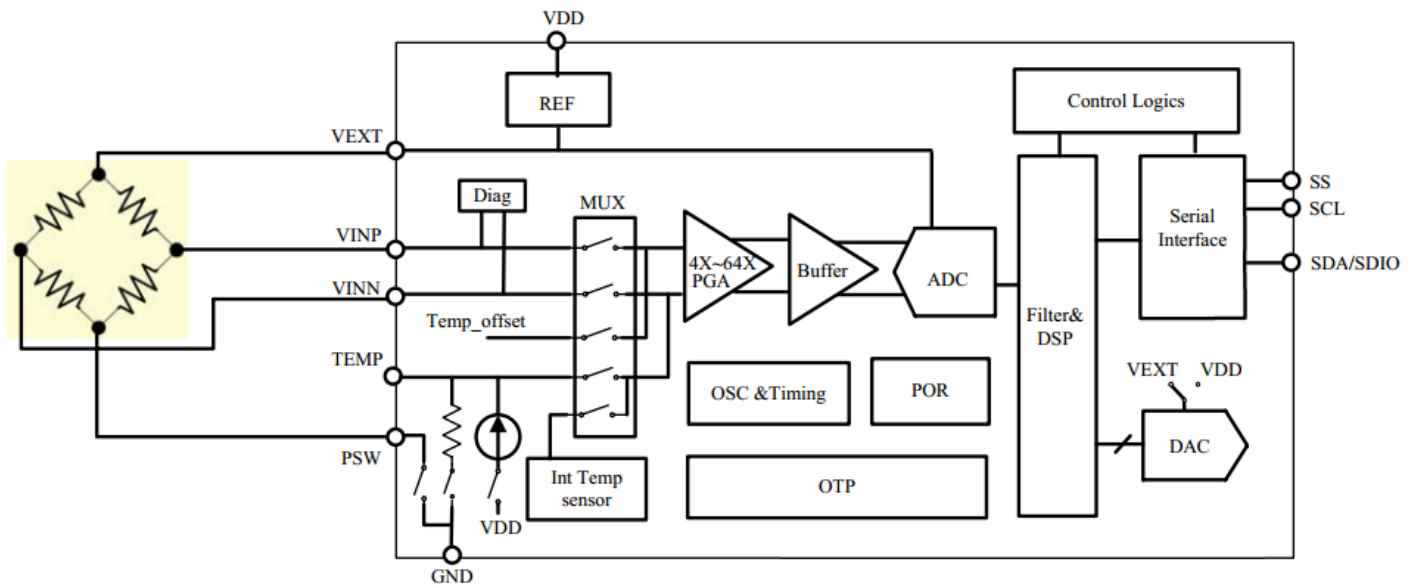
- I<sup>2</sup>C (up to 400kHz)

## Physical Characteristics

- Small Form Factor, 3 x 5 x 1.2mm (w x l x h)
- LGA Package, 8 Lead
- Top Side Sensing Port



## CPS129 BLOCK DIAGRAM



**TABLE1: ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART NUMBER	OUTPUT MODE	OPERATION MODE	PACKAGE
CPS129	1°C	Sleep	8-Lead LGA
<b>SALES and CONTACT INFORMATION</b> <a href="mailto:sales@consensic.com">sales@consensic.com</a>			<a href="http://www.consensic.com">www.consensic.com</a>
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## 1 OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

### 1.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Over Pressure					2X FS	kPa (bar)
Supply Voltage (with respect to GND)	$V_{DD}$		-0.3		6.5	V
Voltages at Analog and Digital I/O Pins	$V_{A\_IO}$ $V_{D\_IO}$		-0.3		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Storage Temperature	$T_{STOR}$		-60		150	°C

### 1.2 OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>PRESSURE SENSOR</b>						
Range			30 (300)		120 (1200)	kPa (mbar)
Resolution <sup>1</sup>				0.17		Pa
Noise in Pressure		Full Bandwidth, Normal Mode Altitude Based on Relative Pressure		1 10		Pa cm
Accuracy		30 to 120kPa (-20°C to 0°C)	-0.2 (-2.0)	±0.17 (±1.7)	+0.2 (+2.0)	kPa (mbar)
		30 to 120kPa (0°C to 65°C)	-0.15 (-1.5)	±0.10 (±1.0)	+0.12 (+1.2)	kPa (mbar)
Solder Drifts			-0.1		+0.2	kPa
<b>TEMPERATURE SENSOR</b>						
Range			-40		85	°C
Resolution				0.003		°C
Accuracy		-40°C to 85°C	-1	±0.75	+1	°C
<b>OPERATION</b>						
Supply Voltage to GND <sup>2</sup>	$V_{SUPPLY}$		2	3.0	5.5	V
Operating Temperature Range			-40		85	°C
I <sup>2</sup> C Pull-Up Resistors	$R_{PU}$		1	2.2		kΩ

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design of 24bits ADC, and calculated according to the range in application.

<sup>2</sup> Factory calibrated for Pressure and Temperature at 3.0V±10%. Output accuracy will be affected if used outside this range. Other

ranges available upon request.

### 1.3 ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>SUPPLY CURRENT</b>						
Supply Current, average <sup>1</sup> during conversion <sup>2</sup> standby(no conversion)	I <sub>avg</sub> I <sub>sc</sub> I <sub>ss</sub>	VDD=3V		3.95 1.5	0.2	μA mA μA
<b>ANALOG TO DIGITAL CONVERTER</b>						
Resolution	r <sub>ADC</sub>				24	Bit
I <sup>2</sup> C Clock Frequency	F <sub>C,I2C</sub>				400	kHz
<sup>1</sup> Under the assumption of one conversion every second. Conversion means either a pressure or a temperature measurement <sup>2</sup> During conversion, the sensor will be switched on to VDD, and after conversion ended, the sensor will automatically be switched off from VDD.						

## 2 OPERATION MODES

The CPS129 is factory programmed to Sleep Mode. In this mode, the CPS129 remains asleep until the master/host sends a measurement request (MR) before taking sensor measurements. After the CPS129 receives an MR command, it wakes up, runs a full measurement cycle, stores the measurement data in internal registers and then returns to sleep mode again.

## 3 OUTPUT MODES

### 3.1 I<sup>2</sup>C

Two-wire I<sup>2</sup>C are available for reading sensor measurement data from the CPS129. The interface is selectable by setting the digital voltage level on the SS pin:

- SS = 1 or float → I<sup>2</sup>C Mode

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When SS=1 or not connected (internal pull-up at SS pin), I<sup>2</sup>C mode is selected.

The factory setting for the I<sup>2</sup>C slave address is 0x6C and the communication is restricted to this address only.

- I<sup>2</sup>C Address = 0x6C

### 3.2 I<sup>2</sup>C COMMANDS

Table 2 details the commands to interface with the device in the I<sup>2</sup>C modes.



**TABLE 2: I<sup>2</sup>C COMMANDS**

TYPE	DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
Measurement Request (MR)	Wakes up the CPS129, performs a sensor measurement, stores the sensor measurement data in internal registers and returns to sleep	I <sup>2</sup> C
Get Data (GD)	Retrieves the sensor measurement data from the internal CPS129 registers*.	I <sup>2</sup> C

*\*Note: GD does not initiate a new measurement. Repeated GD commands will return the same (or stale) sensor measurement data. An MR is required to perform a full sensor measurement cycle to refresh the sensor register data.*

The Get Data (GD) command is used to read out data from the CPS129. With the start of communication (for I<sup>2</sup>C after reading the slave address;) the entire sensor measurement output packet will be loaded in a serial output register. The register will be updated after the communication is finished. The output is always scaled to 24-bits.

The ordering of the bits is “big-endian”.

### 3.3 I<sup>2</sup>C GET DATA (GD)

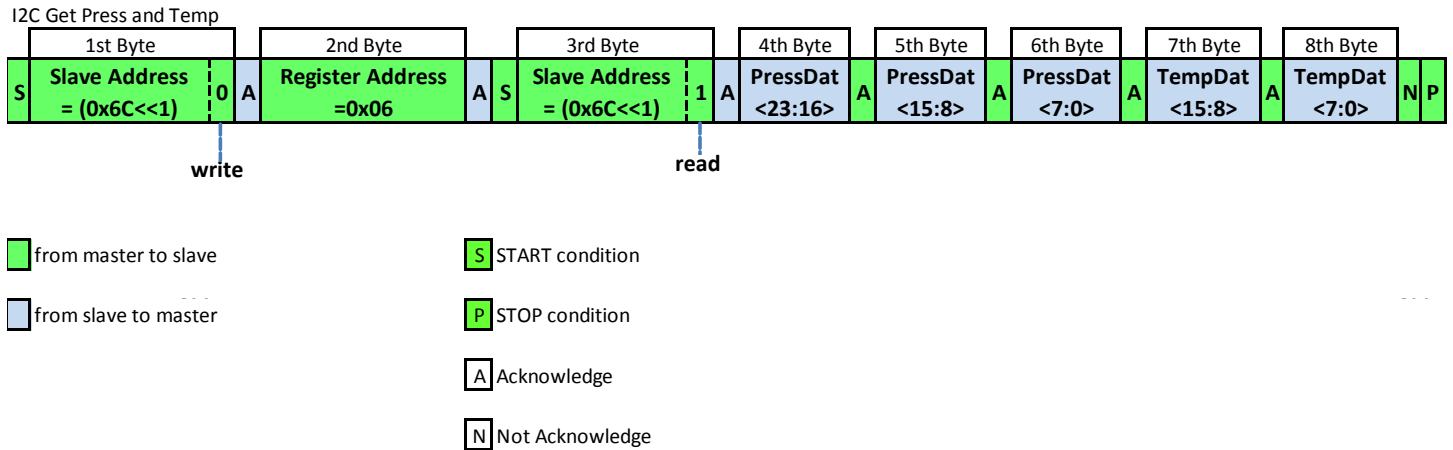
An I<sup>2</sup>C Get Data command starts with the 7-bit slave address and the 8<sup>th</sup> bit = 1 (READ). The device then sends acknowledge (ACK), indicating I<sup>2</sup>C communication success. The number of data bytes returned by the device is determined by the master, which controls NACK and stop conditions.

Figure 1 displays an example for sending three bytes followed by reading five bytes. The first byte contains the I<sup>2</sup>C address followed by internal register address (0x06). Then the I<sup>2</sup>C address is repeated, followed by the slave sending out three pressure bytes and two temperature bytes.

**The GD command is used to retrieve the pressure and temperature sensor data after an MR command has been executed.**

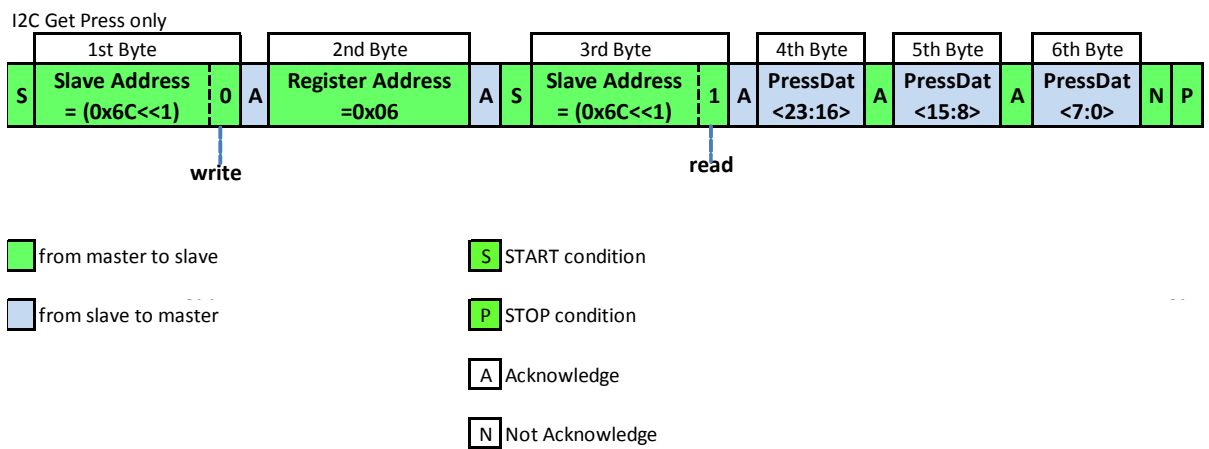
Note that the two temperature byte codes are formatted in 2's complement.

**FIGURE 1: SLAVE ADDRESS FOLLOWED BY THREE PRESSURE AND TWO TEMPERATURE BYTES**



For Pressure data only, the data stream can be terminated after the sixth pressure byte. See Figure 2 below.

**FIGURE 2: 7-BIT SLAVE ADDRESS FOLLOWED BY THREE PRESSURE BYTES**

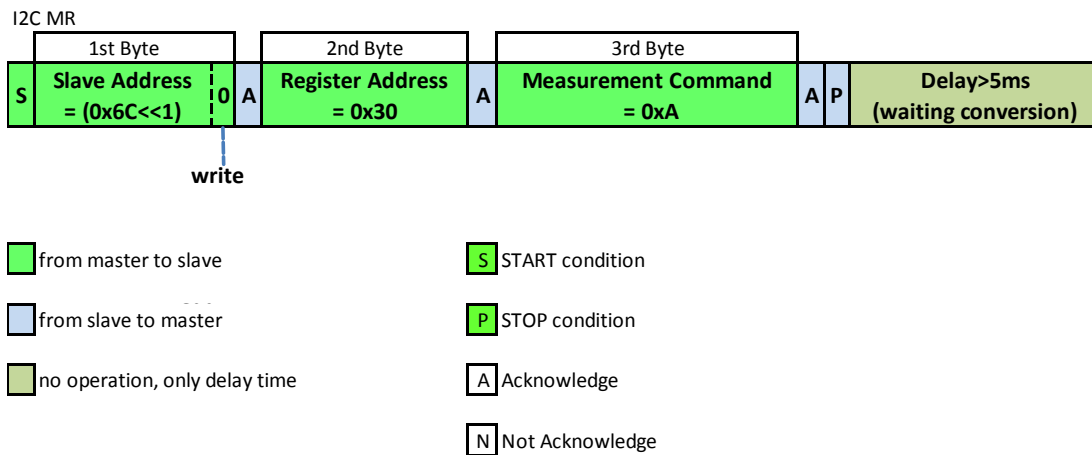


### 3.4 I<sup>2</sup>C MEASUREMENT REQUEST (MR)

The I<sup>2</sup>C MR is used to wake up the device from Sleep Mode and start a complete sensor measurement cycle, before the device returns to Sleep Mode again. The measurement cycles starts with a pressure measurement followed by a temperature measurement. The sensor measurements are digitized and run through an onboard compensation algorithm before the final measurement values are written to the digital output register. As shown in Figure 3, the communication requires the slave address (0x6C) and a WRITE bit (0) to initiate the MR. This is followed by two bytes; register address (0x30) and measurement (0xA). After the CPS129 responds with the slave ACK, the master terminates the communication with a stop condition.

Sensor measurement conversion time takes approximately 5ms, so MRs should not be sent faster than every 5ms.

**FIGURE 3: I<sup>2</sup>C MEASUREMENT REQUEST COMMAND**





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## 4 CALCULATING OUTPUT

After retrieving the data, the compensated output can be scaled to real world values by following the equations below.

### 4.1 PRESSURE OUTPUT

An example of the 24-bit compensated pressure with a full scale range of 30 to 120kPa can be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Pressure [kPa]} = (\text{Pressure 3rd Byte [23:16]} \times 65536 + \text{Pressure 2nd Byte [15:8]} \times 256 + \text{Pressure 1st Byte [7:0]}) / 2^6 / 1000$$

### 4.2 TEMPERATURE OUTPUT

The 16-bit compensated temperature can be calculated as follows:

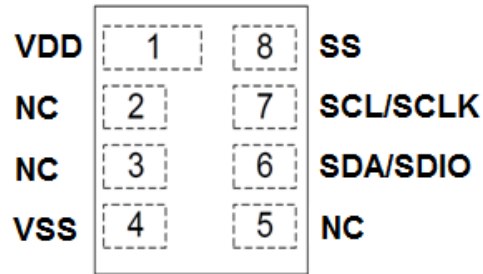
$$\text{Positive Temperature [}^\circ\text{C]} = (\text{Temperature High Byte [15:8]} \times 256 + \text{Temperature Low Byte [7:0]}) / 2^8$$

$$\text{Negative Temperature [}^\circ\text{C]} = (\text{Temperature High Byte [15:8]} \times 256 + \text{Temperature Low Byte [7:0]} - 65536) / 2^8$$

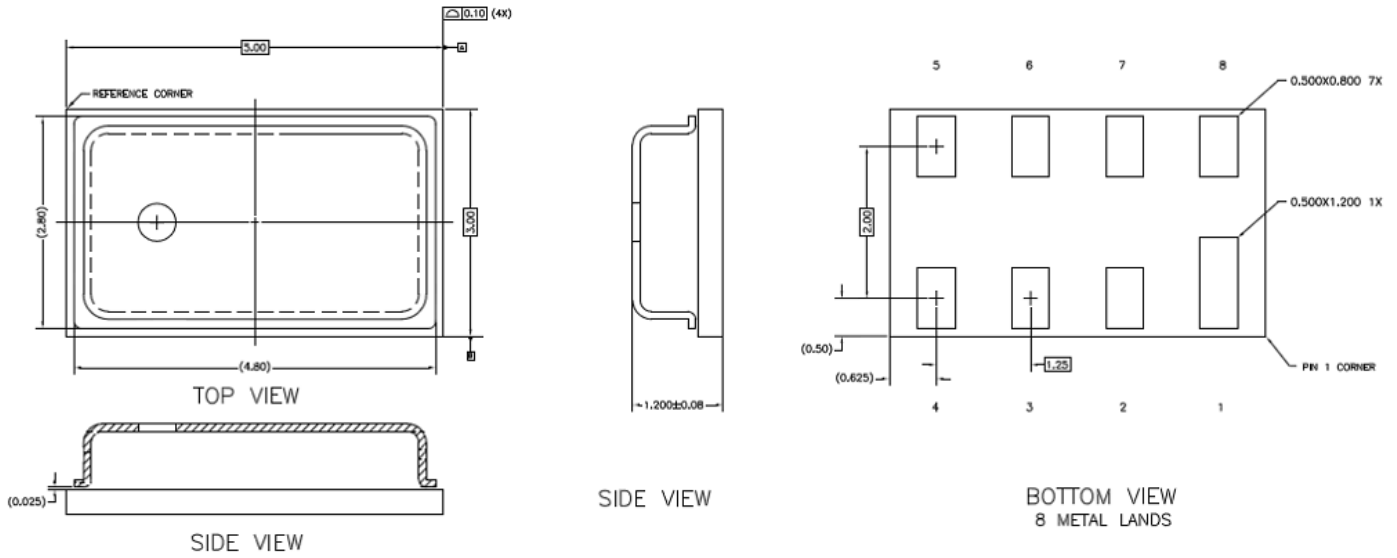
## 5 PACKAGE AND ASSEMBLY

The CPS129 is available in an 8-pinLGA package.

### 5.1 PIN ASSEMBLY AND MECHANICAL DRAWING



Pin	Name	Function
1	VDD	Power Supply, Connect 0.1uF CAP to GND
2	NC	Not Connect
3	NC	Not Connect
4	VSS	Ground
5	NC	Not Connect
6	SDA/SDIO	I2C Data and SPI data In/Out
7	SCL/SCLK	I2C and SPI Clock
8	SS	=1 or float I2C is selected, =0 SPI is selected



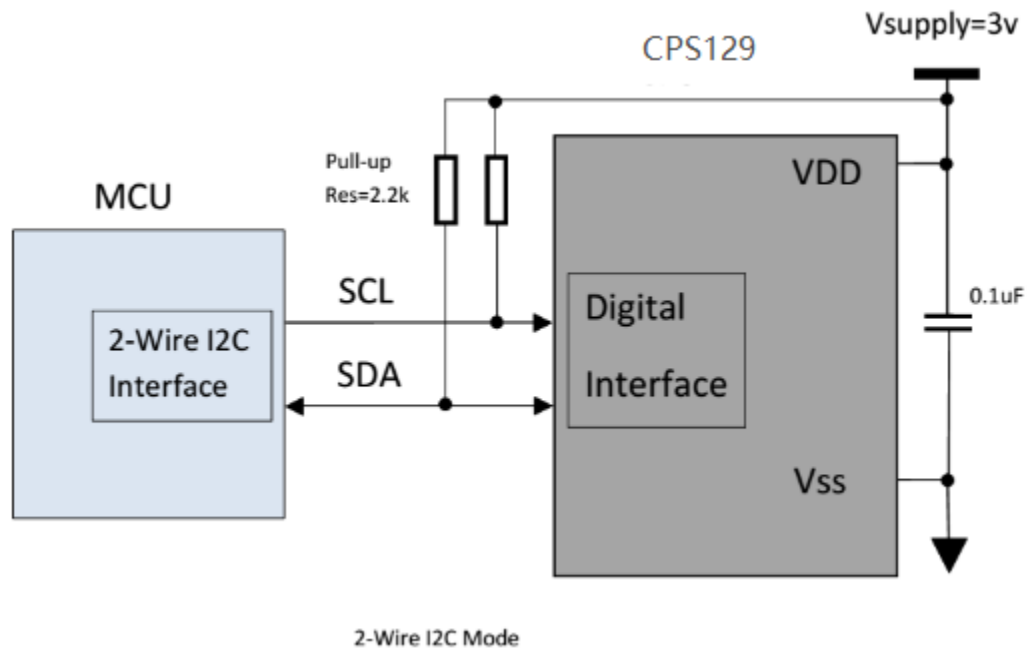
DIMENSION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Length		5		mm
Width		3		mm
Height		1.2		mm
Pad 1 Length		0.5		mm
Pad 1 Width		1.2		mm
Pad 2 to 8 Length		0.5		mm
Pad 2 to 8 Width		0.8		mm
Pad Pitch (Y-Axis)		2.0		mm
Pad Pitch (X-Axis)		1.25		mm
Port Hole Diameter		0.5		mm

## 5.2 SOLDERING CONDITIONS

TABLE4: PACKAGE REFLOW TEMPERATURE

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Soldering Peak Temperature	Less than 30 seconds			260	°C

## 6 APPLICATION DIAGRAM



## 7 DOCUMENT HISTORY

REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1.0	04-DEC-2020	Preliminary



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## 8 DISCLAIMER

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